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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended/Withdrawn) A method for the detection of *Helicobacter* pylori (H. pylori) present in a sample comprising the steps of:

amplifying the polynucleic acids of the m and s regions of the vacA gene with a pair of primers, wherein one of said primers is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NOS: 14-18 and, another of said primers is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 23-26 and 277;

hybridizing the polynucleic acid obtained with at least one probe hybridizing to a conserved region of the vacA gene and at least one probe hybridizing to a variable region of the vacA gene, thus forming hybrids, wherein at least one probe hybridizing to the variable region comprises the polynucleotide of claim 14;

detecting the hybrids formed; and

determining the presence or absence of *H. pylori* in a sample from the hybridization signals obtained.

- 2. (Withdrawn) A method according to Claim 1 wherein said primer pair for the amplification step comprises VA1F (SEQ ID NO:277) and VA1XR (SEQ ID NO:14).
 - 3. (Cancelled)
 - 4. (Cancelled)
- 5. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 additionally comprising the step of releasing, isolating, or concentrating the *H. pylori* polynucleic acids in the original sample.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the hybridization step is a reverse hybridization step, wherein the probes are immobilized on a solid support.
- 7. (Withdrawn) The method according to Claim 6, wherein said probes are immobilized as parallel lines on a solid support.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The method according to Claim 6, wherein said solid support is a membrane strip.
- 9. (Currently amended/Withdrawn) A kit for detecting and/or typing *H. pylori* strains in a sample liable to contain it, comprising the following components:

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at least one probe selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NOS:1-11 and 27-39 or variants thereof, with said probe and/or other probes applied comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 14;

a buffer or components necessary to produce the buffer enabling an amplification of a hybridization reaction between said probes and the amplified products sample; and a means for detecting the hybrids resulting from said hybridization.

- 10. (Currently amended/Withdrawn) The method according to Claim 97, wherein said solid support is a microtiter plate.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, further comprising amplifying the polynucleic acids of the cagA gene of *H. pylori* with a primer pair that amplifies a conserved region of the cagA gene of all *H. pylori* strains.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 5, wherein each primer from said primer pair comprises a primer selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NOS: 1, 12-13, 19-22, and 27.
- 13. (Currently amended/Withdrawn) A method according to Claim 1 for the detection and/or typing of alleles of the cagA and vacA gene of *H. pylori* present in a sample using a set of probes and/or primers specially designed to detect and/or to amplify and/or to type the said alleles, with said probes selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NOS: 1-11 and 27-39 and primers being selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NOS: 12-26 and variants thereof that can amplify said vacA or cagA region of all strains of *H. pylori*, wherein one of the probes corresponds to the polynucleotide of claim 14.
- Claim 14. (Currently amended/Withdrawn) An isolated vacA polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NOS: 40-91 and SEQ ID NOS: 115-276comprising SEQ ID NO: 126.
- 15. (Currently amended/Withdrawn) A method for the detection and/or typing of *Helicobacter pylori(H. pylori)* strains present in a sample comprising the steps of:

amplifying the polynucleic acids of the m and s regions of the vacA gene and a conserved region of the cagA gene, with a pair of primers, wherein said vacA primers are selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NOS: 14-18, 23-26, and 277;

hybridizing the polynucleic acids obtained with at least one probe hybridizing to a conserved region of the cagA gene and at least one probe hybridizing to a variable region of the

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vacA gene, thus forming hybrids, wherein at least one probe hybridizing to the variable region comprises the polynucleotide of claim 14;

detecting the hybrids formed;

detecting and/or typing *H. pylori* strains present in a sample from the differential hybridization signals obtained; wherein said typing comprises the allele-specific detection of a strain according to the vacA polynucleic acid alleles.

- 16. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 11, wherein said cagA primers are selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 12-13, and 19-22.
- 17. (Currently amended/Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein said probes has have compatible hybridization and wash conditions.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 11 wherein the hybridization step is a reverse hybridization step, wherein said probes are immobilized on a solid support.
- 19. (Withdrawn) The method according to Claim 11 wherein the polynucleic acids obtained in the amplification step are immobilized on a solid support and the subsequent hybridization step is carried out on said solid support.
 - 20. (Cancelled)
 - 21. (Cancelled)
 - 22. (Cancelled)
 - 23. (Cancelled)
- 24. (Currently amended/Withdrawn) A method according to claim 11 wherein at least one of said probes is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:2-11 and 28-39 and wherein said primers are selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:14-18 and 23-26.